

## CS 390 Test

February 2008

1. Let  $L$  be an arbitrary language over the alphabet  $\{a, b\}$ . Prove that if  $x$  and  $y$  are strings of  $L^*$ , then  $xy$  is also a string of  $L^*$  by general induction on  $y$  fixing  $x$ . Assume that  $L^*$  is defined as follows:

Definition of  $L^*$ :

Basis Clause:  $\Lambda$  belongs to  $L^*$ .

Inductive Clause: If  $w$  is a string of  $L^*$  and  $x$  is a string of  $L$ , then  $wx$  is a string of  $L^*$ .

Extremal Clause: Nothing is in  $L^*$  unless it is obtained by using the above two clauses. [15 Points]

**Proof:**

**Basis Step:** Let  $y = \Lambda$ . Then  $xy = x\Lambda = x \in L^*$ .

Hence the statement holds for  $y = \Lambda$ .

**Inductive Step:** We assume that  $xy \in L^*$  for  $x, y \in L^*$  and prove that for any string  $w$  of  $L$ ,  $x(yw) \in L^*$ .

$x(yw) = (xy)w$ . Then since  $xy \in L^*$  and  $w \in L$ , by the definition of  $L^*$ ,  $(xy)w \in L^*$ .

Hence  $x(yw) \in L^*$ .

2. Answer the following questions for the regular expression  $a^*b^*a^* + b^*a^*b^* + a^*b^*$ : [4 Points Each]

(a) Find a shortest string that is not in the language corresponding to the given regular expression (the language hereafter).

**Answer:** abab or baba

(b) Find a shortest string in the language other than  $\Lambda$ .

**Answer:** a or b

(c) Describe the language as simply as possible in English.

**Answer:** The set of strings of a's and/or b's which have at most one substring ab and at most one substring ba.

(d) Simplify the given regular expression.

**Answer:**  $a^*b^*a^* + b^*a^*b^*$

(e) Find a regular expression of the reversal of the language.

**Answer:**  $a^*b^*a^* + b^*a^*b^*$

3. Find a regular expression for the language accepted by the following NFA:[15 Points]

**Answer:**  $a(a + bab + bba)^*ba + (a(a + bab)^*bb)^*$

4. Find a regular expression for the language defined recursively as

Basis Clause:  $\Lambda$ , 01 and 10 belong to L.

Inductive Clause: If x is a string of L, then x01, x10 and 11x are also strings of L.

Extremal Clause: Nothing is in L unless it is obtained by using the above two clauses. [15 Points]

**Answer:**  $(11)^*(\Lambda + 01 + 10)(01 + 10)^* = (11)^*(01 + 10)^*$

5. Find the NFA- $\Lambda$  for the regular expression  $(ab)^* + a(ba)^*$  faithfully following the procedure given in the textbook/web notes. Do not simplify.[15 Points]

**Answer:** Omitted

6. Answer the questions below for the following NFA- $\Lambda$ :

(a) Find  $\Lambda(\{3\})$  and  $\Lambda(\{1, 3\})$  [5 Points]

**Answer:**  $\{1, 2, 3\}$  for both.

(b) Find  $\delta^*(2, ba)$ . [5 Points]

**Answer:**  $\{1, 2, 4\}$

(c) Find the NFA that accepts the same language as the given NFA- $\Lambda$ . [10 Points]

**Answer:**

	a	b
1	$\{1, 2, 4\}$	$\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$
2	$\{4\}$	$\{1, 2, 3\}$
3	$\{1, 2, 4\}$	$\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$
4	$\{1, 2, 3\}$	$\emptyset$